	Alpha	Veeta			Ghamma					Delta		elta	Ei		So	
	A a	]	BB		<u>2</u> 2					2		$\mathbf{e}^{\epsilon}$		E' ~	<b>3</b> 3	
	(A) as in the word Fan	( <b>V</b> ) if follow by vov	owed other		(G) if followed be, H, I or	y follo	(N/Ng) if followed by velar letters		<b>Gh</b> ) ther vise	( <b>D</b> ) i	es otl	-	( <b>Eeh</b> ) as the wor p <b>e</b> n		the numbe <b>6</b>	It is always <b>(Z</b> )
	Н <b>Н</b> н	Ceta <b>C</b>		The	eta	1r		Iota	Карра <b>К</b> к		Lav <b>A</b> A	Lavla J		Mei Lu	Nei <b>N</b> n	
	Long (E) as			f <b>W</b> - <b>C</b> befoe i	t ( <b>Th</b> ) of wise	` '	) if vowel eceded it		( <b>E</b> ) other wise		It is always ( <b>K</b> )		(L)	It is always (M)		It is always (N)
-	Eksee <b>Z</b> z	Omiki O d					See C c			na	I	Tav Tav		Epsilon **		
	(Ks/X) as in the word box	) as Short (O e as in the		It is always (P)	It is always (R)	In Co	S	In Greek (Z) if followed by		came		other		7) if <b>A-E</b>   ( <b>OC</b> came of came before it		ame other
	Fei $\Phi$	Fei 🗣			×	Kai	Epsee 🗗 🕸			Omig	Omiga W		ai	Fai <b>Y</b> q		Khai <b>b</b> §
	It is always ( <b>Ph</b> )	always It is		( <b>Sh</b> ) if followed by a		( <b>Kh</b> ) other wise	er (Ps)		Long ( <b>0</b> ) as in throw			It is always ( <b>Sh</b> )		It is always ( <b>F</b> )		It is always ( <b>Kh</b> )
	eeroH SS		6	X x	, ,		eema		<b>†</b> †	9	Verba	Velar Latters Verbal Letters		Jinkim = Movement $(u = \epsilon u)$		
	It is always (H)	(J) if followed by a <b>E</b> , <b>H</b> , <b>l</b> or <b>T</b>			( <b>G</b> ) other wise		always It C <b>h</b> )		always [ <b>ee</b> ]			tian Origin k Origin		It is <b>never</b> placed on: <b>B万入ス入及P少</b> サ		